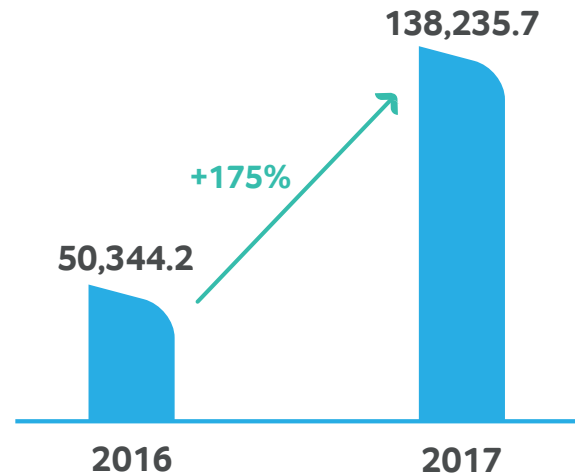


Energy consumption (thousand of KWh)



We also had a number of initiatives to reduce CO₂ emissions in our activities, such as the purchase of incentivized energy in some units, which is generated from renewable sources such as biomass and wind. We also installed in our corporate office, in São Paulo, 930 square meters of Cool Carpet, which generates less environmental impact and brings a credit of 11 tons of greenhouse gases (GHG) to the Company. Thus, from our energy consumption in 2017, we emitted approximately 224,771.25 tons CO₂.

Water

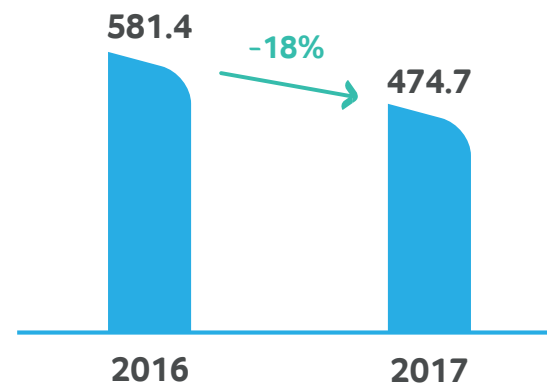
GRI G4-EN8

In order to reduce our water consumption in 2017, we have undertaken a number of initiatives in our units:

- Installation of aerators to spray water on faucets of Colleges;
- Reduction in the volume of water used in faucets;
- Active engineering team working to identify leaks;
- Drilling of artesian wells to use groundwater.

As a result, we were able to reduce our water consumption by 18%.

Water consumption (thousand of m³)



Waste

In 2017, we focused our attention on the control of waste generation and disposal. Waste considered to be dangerous, derived especially from the agrarian, biological and health sciences courses, from our hospitals, veterinary hospitals, farms and clinics were monitored with special care. These hazardous waste can be divided into two types: chemical and infectious.

Regarding non-hazardous waste, most of our units carry out recycling programs in partnerships with selective collection cooperatives and/or their respective city halls.

Waste generation (m ³)	
Non-hazardous	127,837.34
Dangerous Infectious (Anhanguera only)	39,910.97
Dangerous Chemical (Anhanguera only)	14,137.80